

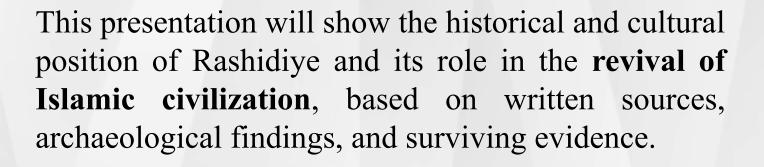


The First International Islamic University in Iran; Rab-i-Rashidi 14th A.D.

SPEAKER: Professor Mohammad Ali Kaynejad Env. Dr.Ing. (1975) Paris VI Sorbon University

POSITION: President of Rab-i-Rashidi Scientific, Cultural Complex

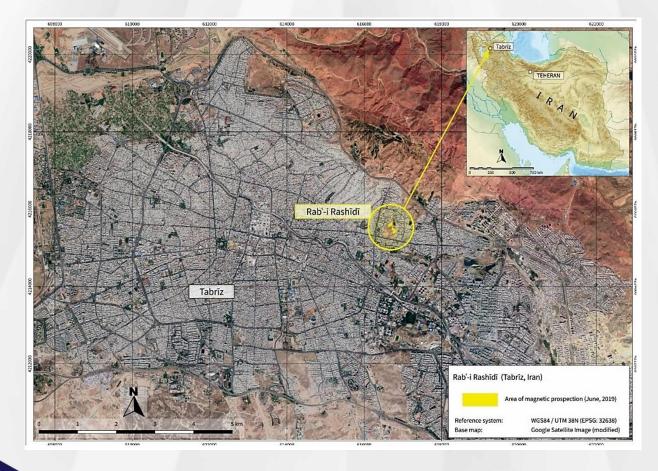










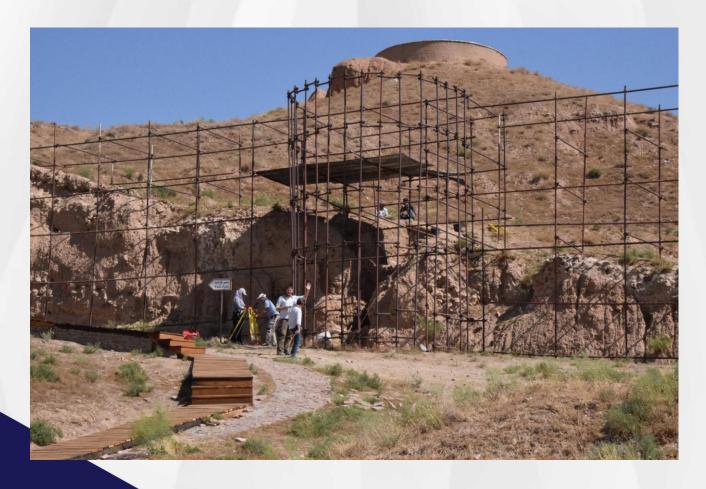


The current location of the historical Unv. city of Rashidi (Rashidiyeh) in Tabriz, Iran.

The geographical location of Rab-i-Rashidi is not only provided the natural beauty and outstanding landscape of this university, but also provided easy access to natural resources and water, and creating favorable conditions for the formation of one of the largest scientific and cultural centers of the Islamic world in the 14th century







This historical university, which was registered in the list of national monuments of Iran in 1975 is located on the slopes of Mount Sorkhab in Tabriz city with an area of **nearly 13** hectares, and the remains of its defensive towers and walls still reflect the grandeur and importance of its past.











The Non-Destructive testing on this university and historical city done by Prof. Korn from Bamberg University in Germany identifies the presence of historical layers inside the ground as it is clear in the following figure.

Rab-i-Rashidi has also been considered by Muslim historians. Hamdollah Mostofi Qazvini, a famous historian of the 14th century, describes this city with expressions such as "magnificent buildings", which indicate its splendor and prosperity at that time.







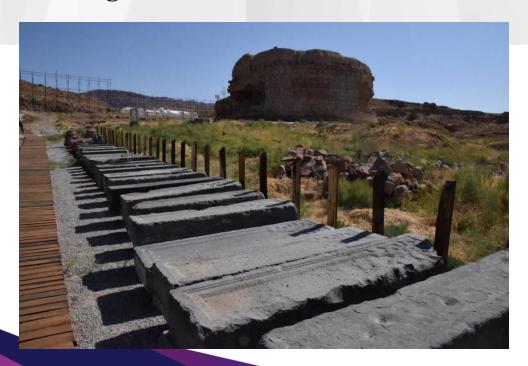
Among the results of these excavations was the identification of a place called **Ab Anbar** on the top of the southeastern hill of the excavation site, which had previously been considered a mosque in (2007).







Today, the remains of this historical city are not only a reminder of its past glory, but also a testament to its important role in the history of Iran and the Islamic world. In this article, an attempt is made to examine and analyze the position and importance of the city of Rab-i-Rashidi in the historical and civilizational context of Iran, relying on historical sources, surviving ancient artifacts, and research findings.







Many pieces of tiles, pottery and **coins** in three different languages were discovered during the excavations .



These coins found at the Rab-i-Rashidi archaeological site







Rab-i-Rashidi Scientific, Cultural and Historical university

was established in 2002 with the aim of reviving the historical city of Rab-i-Rashidi with the mission of **preserving** and **recreating** the valuable scientific and cultural heritage of the Islamic world.

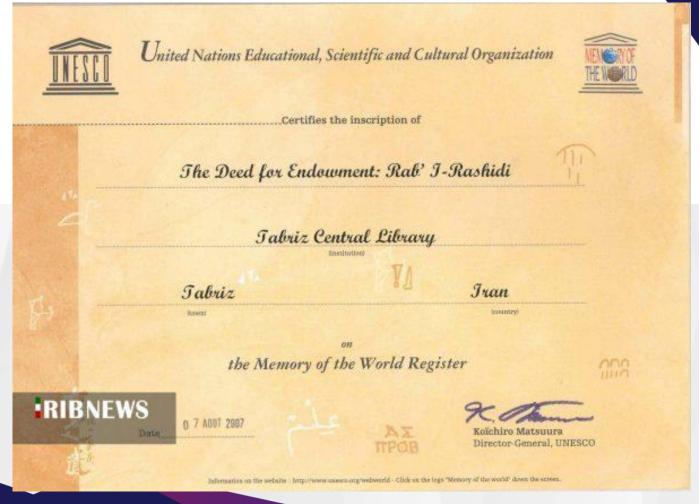


Khajeh Rashid al-Din prepared a deed of endowment for the administration of this city as shown in this photo.





This endowment deed was registered as a UNESCO Memory of World Register in 2007.







• The findings discovered that this historical university fits with Fourth Generation University in the Islamic World





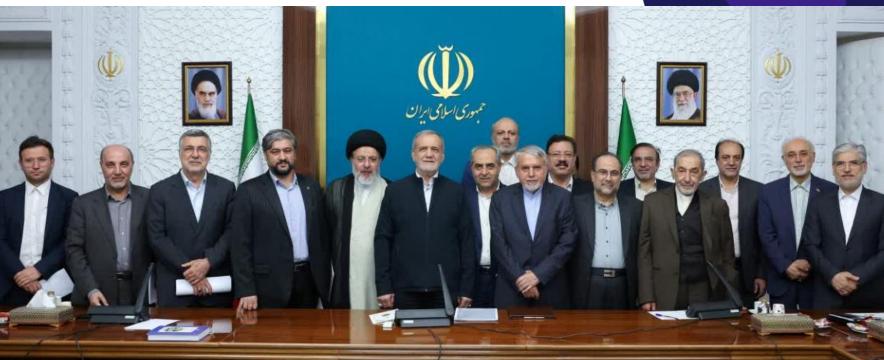
• Scientists, professors and students from various lands such as the Egypt, Khorasan, India, and China were studying in the university, which shows the diversity and interdisciplinary nature of education at this university.

• Based on the importance of this historical university, The President of Islamic Republic of Iran is serving as Head of Board of Trustees of this









Thanks For Your Attention



